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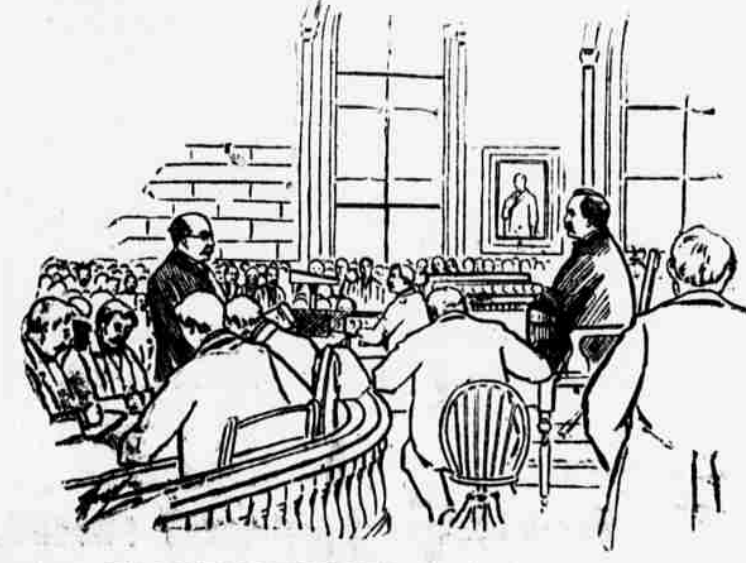
LAST EDITION.
PLEADING FOR M'KANE

Col. James Argues for a Certificate of Reasonable Doubt.

The Czar Demurs When Arraigned with Town Board Officials.

Justice Cullen's Court Thronged with Gravesenders and Detectives.

Fifty-five policemen, under command of Capt. Campbell, of the First Precinct, took possession of the Brooklyn Court-House at 9 o'clock this morning. They were there in anticipation of the crowd which an hour later filled the building when John Y. McKane was taken into the Court of Oyer and Terminer before Justice Edgar M. Cullen, to plead to two more indictments for violation of the election laws.



COL. JAMES ARGUING BEFORE JUSTICE CULLEN.

The crowd was made up principally of Gravesenders and McKane sympathizers who yearned for one more look at their deposed chief.

McKane was taken down from Raymond Street by Sheriff Butting in a carriage, arriving at the Court-House a few minutes before 9 o'clock. The ex-governor was taken to the Court-House by a private officer, where he was seen by an "Evening World" reporter.

McKane's appearance gave the lie to the stories that he is a physical wreck and would soon succumb to the routine of prison life.

His cheeks were rosy, and he looked well-groomed and contented. He walked from the carriage, the Sheriff following with a firm step. While passing through the lower corridor of the Court-House, McKane nodded to several acquaintances who were waiting for him.

While waiting for the Sheriff's office for the arraignment, McKane was visited by Lawyer Roderick and Sylvester Williamson, who have not let a day pass since the ex-governor was arrested without spending several hours in his company.

By the time McKane was taken into Court by Sheriff Butting, at 9:45, the men had taken seats in the gallery, and in the courtroom, both downstairs and in the gallery.

The big array of counsel on both sides arrived a few minutes later.

The crowd of twenty-four Gravesenders and town board members who were to be tried by the Extraordinary Grand Jury arrived at this time and distributed themselves about wherever they could find places.

There was some speculation as to whether or not McKane would be allowed to be present during the argument for a certificate of reasonable doubt upon which the defense based its hopes of keeping McKane out of Sing Sing.

Justice Cullen suggested that the members of the Gravesender Town Board be called upon to plead first in the indictment against them for omission of duty under the election laws. The names of John Y. McKane, John J. B. Newell, Kenneth F. Sutherland, Jacques F. Snyder and William J. Gladding were called.

All answered except Justice Sutherland, and Lawyer James V. Glendinning said that his client was not present in the courtroom.

Lawyer Roderick interposed a demurrer in the case of McKane, and Lawyers Backus and Glendinning took the same course in the cases of the four other members of the Town Board.

A survey of the situation in the courtroom discovered many Headquarters detectives and several policemen in plain clothes. It was learned that this was a precaution taken by the State Attorney-General Philip S. Thompson.

Those who knew the great sympathy for McKane existing in the crowd were not slow to catch the significance of the detectives' presence in the courtroom.

Col. E. C. James appeared to argue the motion for a certificate of reasonable doubt, and began to present his plea immediately after the Town Board matter was disposed of.

Col. James first stated that he was there to apply for a certificate of reasonable doubt under section 327 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. He would, he said, present a brief containing citations bearing on the case. The argument had been brought before Justice Cullen, Col. James said, because Justice Gaynor and Justice Bartlett had signified their unwillingness to act in the matter.

The case, counsel continued, had attracted widespread attention, and caused great public excitement.

"I shall, Your Honor, present the case only in its legal aspect, and I am sure that Your Honor will decide the matter from a purely legal standpoint."

James drew the Court's attention to the fact that a new law under which McKane was convicted; in fact, was the first case ever tried under the law.

"The law was passed," continued Col. James, "in 1892, and the amendment on which the conviction was predicated was passed Oct. 31, 1892. The alleged offense was committed in the month of October, 1892."

Col. James, after reviewing the case from a policy point of view, and pointing out the fact that the law was passed in 1892, and the amendment on which the conviction was predicated was passed Oct. 31, 1892. The alleged offense was committed in the month of October, 1892.

AMURDEROUS CRANK.
THE HOUSE TANGLE.
A CAUCUS ON THE TARIFF.

Alexander Mohr Threatened to Kill Merchant Ludwig.

Demand \$100,000 or His Former Employer's Life.

Employees of the Big Store Terrified by the Madman.

Mr. Adams's Protest Against Being Silenced by the Mace.

Speaker Crisp and Gen. Sickles Kept Away by Sickness.



The employees of the mammoth establishment of Ludwig Bros., at 38 West Fourth street, were thrown into great excitement at 9:30 o'clock this morning by the antics and wild conduct of a murderous crank, who attempted to kill R. J. Ludwig, one of the partners.

The crank was a young man named Alexander Mohr, who, until a few months ago, had been employed in the picture frame department of the firm.

He developed such queer tendencies that Mr. Ludwig felt it necessary to dispense with his services in order to maintain discipline among the remainder of his employees.

Another man entered the store and begged to see Mr. Ludwig, who was in the store and wandered about, annoying customers.

He was ejected by Mr. Ludwig, who is a strong, able-bodied man, and more than a match, physically, for the crank, who, he had long before surmised, was a crank.

A day or so later Mr. Ludwig received a letter from a downtown attorney stating that Mohr had retained him to bring an action for the recovery of \$100,000.

The attorney also inquired as to the character of Mohr, and stated that he suspected that the man was a crank.

About a week ago Mohr went into the store and demanded that Mr. Ludwig pay him \$100,000, or his former employer's life.

His eyes had a wild appearance, his face was pale, and he was in a state of great excitement.

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THE HOUSE TANGLE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Clerk Kerr called the House to order today. He read a communication from Speaker Crisp, who was suffering from a severe sore throat, and was confined to his home. Speaker Crisp was expected to return today.

The House adjourned yesterday, and the anticipation of a repetition of the disorderly scenes had attracted great crowds to the galleries.

As soon as the Journal was read Mr. Adams (Rep., Pa.), who was being tried when the proceedings were terminated yesterday by the adjournment, was clamoring for recognition on a question of privilege. He yielded, however, to Mr. Wells (Dem., Wis.), who made a statement to the effect that he was erroneously reported as voting "no" on the motion to adjourn.

Mr. Cummings (Dem., N. Y.), asked that his colleague, Mr. Sickles, be excused on account of his illness. The Speaker said that one question of privilege was already pending, but agreed to hear Mr. Adams' demand to be heard on the question of privilege.

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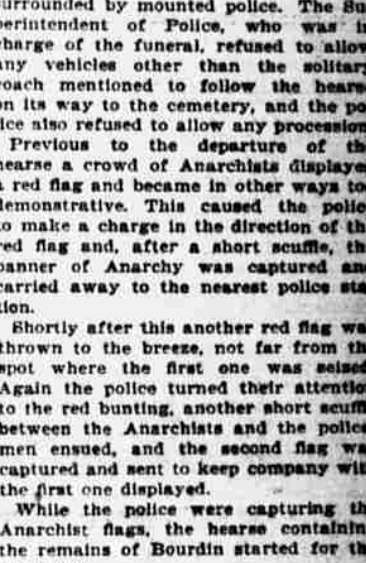
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LAST EDITION.
RED FLAGS SEIZED.

London Police Twice Charge the Mob at Bourdin's Funeral.

An Anarchist Oration at the Grave Cut Very Short.

Students and Others Try to Burn the Autonomic Club-House.



London, Feb. 23.—This was the funeral day of Bourdin, the Anarchist, who was fatally injured by the premature explosion of a bomb in Greenwich Park on Feb. 15. The undertaker's shop in Chapel Street was surrounded with crowds of excited spectators, including many Anarchists, from the earliest morning hours.

The hearse was followed by one coach and started through the dense crowds surrounded by mounted police. The Superintendent of Police, who was in charge of the funeral, refused to allow any vehicles other than the solitary coach mentioned to follow the hearse on its way to the cemetery, and the police also refused to allow any procession.

A red flag and became in other ways too demonstrative. This caused the police to make a charge in the direction of the red flag and, after a short scuffle, the banner of Anarchy was captured and carried away to the nearest police station.

Shortly after this another red flag was thrown to the breeze, not far from the spot where the first one was seized. Again the police turned their attention to the red bunting, another short scuffle between the Anarchists and the policemen ensued, and the second flag was captured and sent to keep company with the first one.

While the police were capturing the remains of Bourdin started for the cemetery.

After the hearse had proceeded about a mile on its way to the cemetery, the crowds pressed so closely around it that the mounted and foot police had considerable difficulty in keeping the people back from the route.

Eventually, however, the police mustered in such strong force across the route leading to the cemetery that the crowds were brought to a standstill, and, finally, the hearse proceeded on its way almost without any following.

Only about 500 persons were present at the cemetery when the body reached the grave. As the remains were being lowered into the earth, an Anarchist leader named Quinn made an attempt to address the crowd. He was hoisted up on the shoulders of some of his friends and had to be rescued by two policemen.

"Men and Brothers: The remains of a martyr have just"—

That was all of the oration that was heard, for Quinn and his friends were roughly charged upon by the police, and the orator was seized and removed from the cemetery.

During the afternoon a crowd composed of medical students and others marched to the Autonomic Club, the recently raided headquarters of the Anarchists, and smashed all the windows of that establishment, while threatening to burn it to the ground. A force of police was sent to the spot and succeeded in saving the building and restoring order.

TROOPS READY IN BOSTON.

They Can Be Massed at the State House in Twenty Minutes.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—A morning paper to-day states that extensive preparations have been made by officers of the militia to be ready to suppress any further demonstration of the unemployed.

The article says: "There have been 25,000 rounds of ball cartridges stored in the arsenal of the city, the names and addresses of the members of a number of companies in Charlestown and in other parts of the city have been listed with the telephone connections, so that in twenty minutes the troops can be massed at the State House."

SUICIDE NOT IDENTIFIED.

Her Body Will Be Kept at the Morgue Until Tuesday.

The identity of the young woman registered as Mrs. J. Miner, who committed suicide at the Grand Union Hotel on Wednesday night, has not yet been established. The body is at the Morgue, and will be kept there until Tuesday. An inquest will be held in the morning.

Last night a despatch from Meriden, Conn., was received in the House provided it gives a bond of \$500 to cover damages to the plaintiff.

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